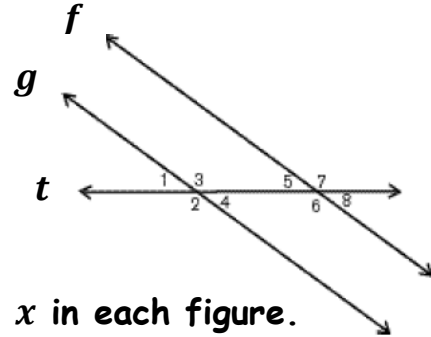


Name _____ Date _____ Pd _____

Chapter 11 Bringing It All Together

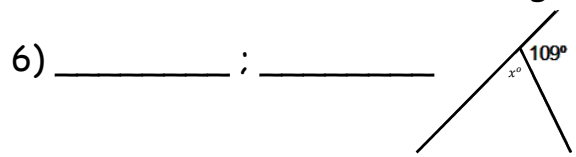
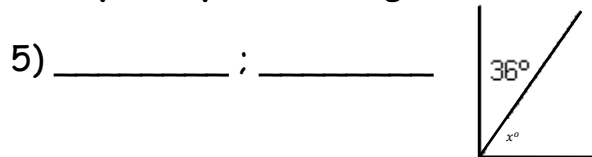
(Angles & Line Relationships, Quadrilaterals, Polygons, and Area of Figures/Circles and Circumference of Circles)

In the figure at the right, $f \parallel g$ and t is a transversal.
If $m\angle 1 = 61^\circ$, find the measure of each angle.

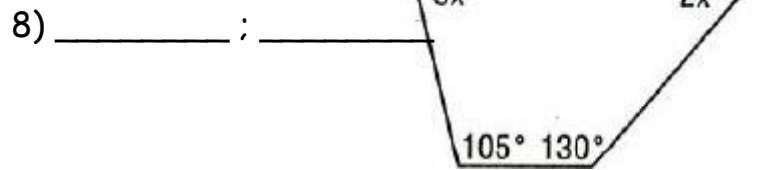
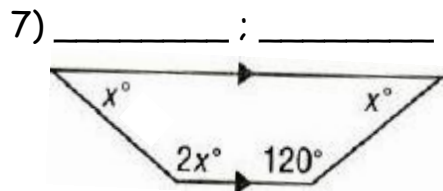


- 1) $m\angle 3 =$ _____ 2) $m\angle 4 =$ _____
3) $m\angle 5 =$ _____ 4) $m\angle 6 =$ _____

Classify the pairs of angles shown. Then find the value of x in each figure.



Find the value of each missing angle.



Determine whether each statement is *sometimes*, *always*, or *never*.

- 9) _____ A rectangle is a square. 10) _____ A rhombus is a trapezoid.
11) _____ A square is a rhombus. 12) _____ A parallelogram is a rectangle.

Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of each polygon.

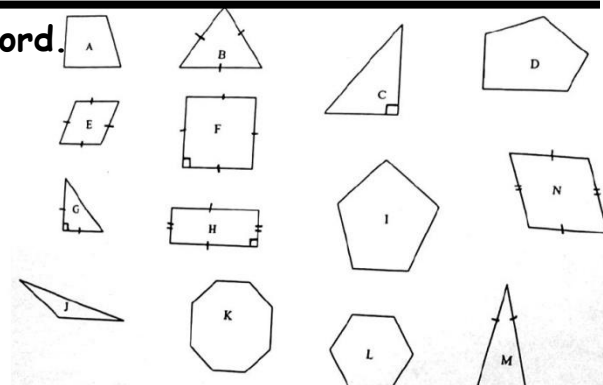
- 13) octagon _____ 14) 16-gon _____

Find the measure of an interior angle of each polygon.

- 15) regular hexagon _____ 16) regular 20-gon _____

List *all* letters that qualify for the given vocabulary word.

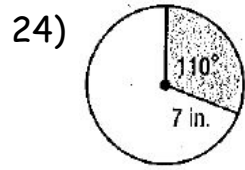
- 17) triangles _____ 18) squares _____
19) rectangles _____ 20) trapezoids _____
21) rhombus (i) _____ 22) pentagons _____
23) parallelograms _____



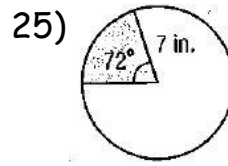
OVER →

Name _____ Date _____ Pd _____

Using the space provided, find the area of each shaded sector. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$

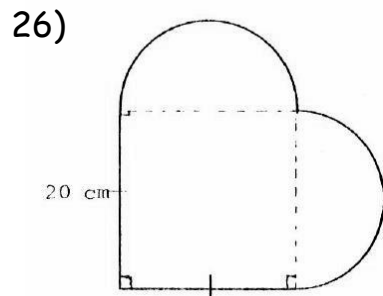


Area = _____



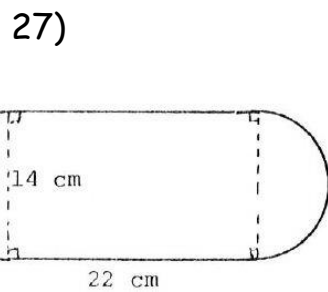
Area = _____

Using the space provided, find the perimeter and area of each figure. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$



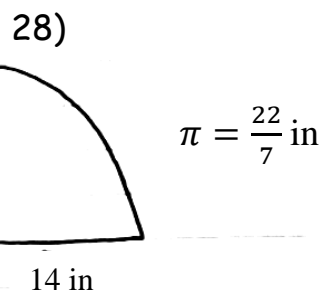
Perimeter = _____

Area = _____



Perimeter = _____

Area = _____

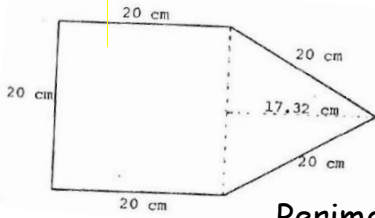


Perimeter = _____

Area = _____

Name _____ Date _____ Pd _____

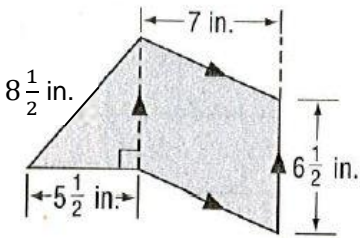
29)



Perimeter = _____

Area = _____

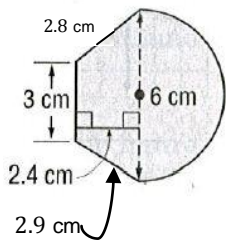
30)



Perimeter = _____

Area = _____

31)

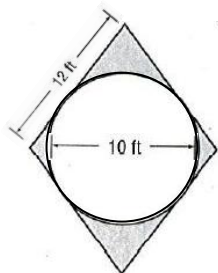


Perimeter = _____

Area = _____

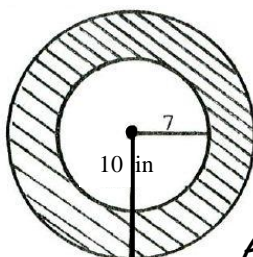
Using the space provided, find the shaded area. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$

32)



Area = _____

33)



Area = _____

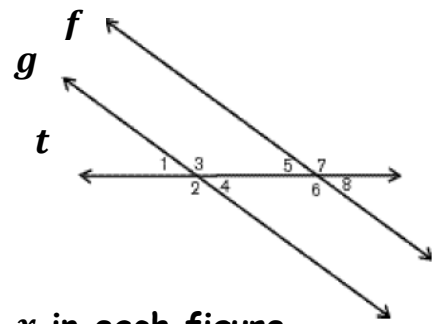
FINALLY DONE



Chapter 11 BIT → Calculators = OK! Answer Key

(Angles & Line Relationships, Quadrilaterals, Polygons, and Area of Figures/Circles and Circumference of Circles)

In the figure at the right, $f \parallel g$ and t is a transversal.
If $m\angle 1 = 61^\circ$, find the measure of each angle.



1) $m\angle 3 = 119^\circ$

2) $m\angle 4 = 61^\circ$

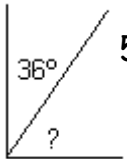
3) $m\angle 5 = 61^\circ$

4) $m\angle 6 = 119^\circ$

Classify the pairs of angles shown. Then find the value of x in each figure.

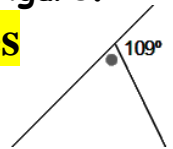
5) **Complementary Angles**

6) **Supplementary Angles**



54°

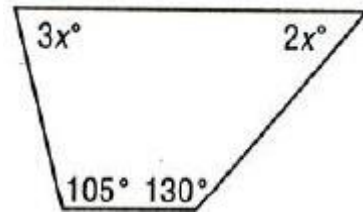
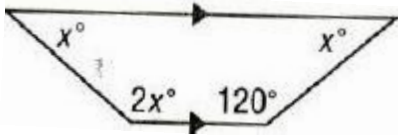
71°



Find the value of each missing angle.

7) 60° ; 120°

8) 50° ; 75°



Determine whether each statement is *sometimes*, *always*, or *never*.

9) **sometimes** A rectangle is a square. 10) **never** A rhombus is a trapezoid.

11) **always** A square is a rhombus. 12) **sometimes** A parallelogram is a rectangle.

Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of each polygon.

13) octagon $1,080^\circ$

14) 16-gon $2,520^\circ$

Find the measure of an interior angle of each polygon.

15) regular hexagon 120°

16) regular 20-gon 162°

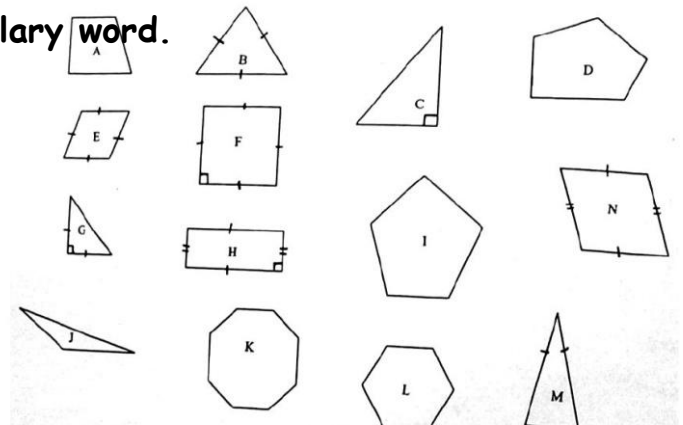
List *all* letters that qualify for the given vocabulary word.

17) triangles **B, C, G, J, M** 18) squares **F**

19) rectangles **F, H** 20) trapezoids **A**

21) rhombus (i) **E, F** 22) pentagons **D, I**

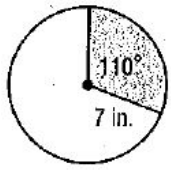
23) parallelograms **E, F, H, N**



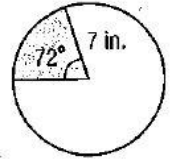
Name _____ Date _____ Pd _____

Using the space provided, find the area of each shaded sector. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$

24) $A = \frac{N}{360} (\pi r^2)$
 $A = \frac{110}{360} (3.14 \times 7^2)$
 $A \approx 47.0 \text{ in}^2$

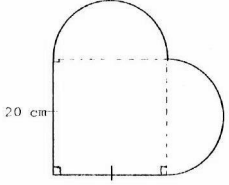


25) $A = \frac{N}{360} (\pi r^2)$
 $A = \frac{72}{360} (3.14 \times 7^2)$
 $A \approx 30.8 \text{ in}^2$



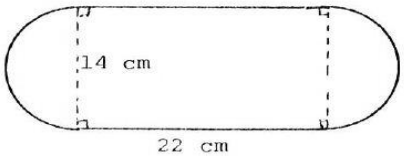
Using the space provided, find the perimeter and area of each figure. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$

26) $P = 2a + \pi d$
 $P = 2(20) + 3.14 \times 20$
 $P = 102.8 \text{ cm}$



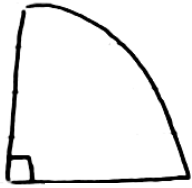
$A = bh + \pi r^2$
 $A = 20 \times 20 + 3.14 \times 10^2$
 $A = 714.0 \text{ cm}^2$

27) $P = 2l + \pi d$
 $P = 2(22) + 3.14 \times 14$
 $P = 88.0 \text{ cm}$



$A = bh + \pi r^2$
 $A = 22 \times 14 + 3.14 \times 7^2$
 $A = 461.9 \text{ cm}^2$

28) $\pi = \frac{22}{7} \text{ in}$



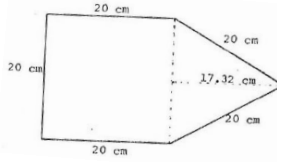
14 in

$P = 2l + \frac{1}{4} \pi d$
 $P = 2(14) + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 28$
 $P = 50.0 \text{ in}$

$A = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^2$
 $A = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{14}{1} \times \frac{14}{1}$
 $A = 154.0 \text{ in}^2$

Name _____ Date _____ Pd _____

29)



$$P = 5a$$

$$P = 5(20)$$

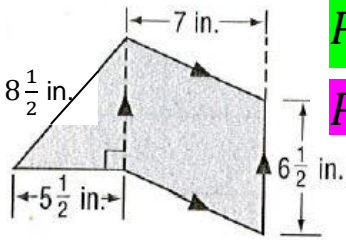
$$P = 100.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = lw + \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = 20 \times 20 + \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 17.32$$

$$A = 573.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

30)



$$P = 2a + b + c + d$$

$$P = 2(7) + 6\frac{1}{2} + 5\frac{1}{2} + 8\frac{1}{2}$$

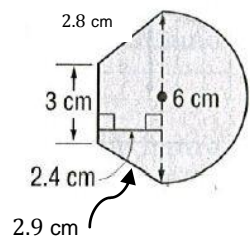
$$P = 34.5 \text{ in}$$

$$A = bh + \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = 6\frac{1}{2} \times 7 + \frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$$

$$A = 63.4 \text{ in}^2$$

31)



$$P = a + b + c + \frac{1}{2}\pi d$$

$$P = 2.8 + 3 + 2.9 + \frac{1}{2} \times 3.14 \times 3$$

$$P = 13.4 \text{ cm}$$

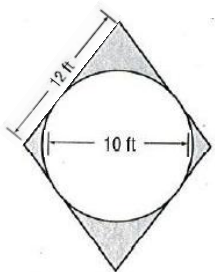
$$A = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 + \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 3.14 \times 3^2 + \frac{1}{2}(6 + 3)2.4$$

$$A = 24.9 \text{ cm}^2$$

Using the space provided, find the shaded area. Round to the nearest tenth. Show your formula and work. $\pi = 3.14$

32)

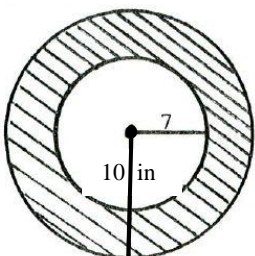


$$A = bh - \pi r^2$$

$$A = 12 \times 10 - 3.14 \times 5^2$$

$$A = 41.5 \text{ ft}^2$$

33)



$$A = \pi r^2 - \pi r^2$$

$$A = 3.14 \times 10^2 - 3.14 \times 7^2$$

$$A = 160.1 \text{ in}^2$$

FINALLY DONE

